

TRITAX BIG BOX REIT - INTERIM RESULTS

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Tritax Big Box REIT plc
21 August 2015

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Tritax Big Box REIT plc
(the "Group" or the "Company")
INTERIM RESULTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Tritax Big Box REIT plc (ticker: BBOX), the only real estate investment trust giving pure exposure to very large logistics warehouse assets ("Big Boxes") in the UK, is today reporting its interim results for the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2015.

	As at 30 June 2015	As at 30 June 2014	Change
Portfolio valuation	£1.09bn	£0.36bn	202.8%
Contracted rent roll pa	£58.87m	£20.84m	182.5%
EPRA NAV per share	117.06p	102.01p	14.8%
Dividend declared per share	3.00p	1.85p	62.2%
Weighted average unexpired lease term (years)	15.77	16.10	(2.0)%
Operating profit	£73.79m	£8.21m	798.8%
Total comprehensive income	£70.98m	£7.56m	838.9%
EPRA earnings per share	2.30p	2.02p	13.9%

Financial highlights

- Our investment properties were independently valued at £1.09 billion as at 30 June 2015 (including forward funded commitments), representing an increase of £114.80 million or 11.7% over the aggregate acquisition price (excluding acquisition costs).
- The portfolio's contracted rental income has increased to £58.87 million per annum (30 June 2014: £20.84 million), including forward funded assets.
- Dividends declared in relation to the six months ending 30 June 2015 (the "period") totalled 3.0 pence per share, putting us on track to meet our stated 6.0 pence per share target for 2015.
- Total return for the six month period of 10.71% compared to our target of 9% per annum for the medium term.
- We raised an additional £229 million of equity during the period, issuing 159.09 million new shares at an issue price of 110 pence per share in March 2015, and a further 47.79 million new shares at an issue price of 113 pence per share in June 2015, pursuant to the Company's share issuance programme which expired on 7 July 2015.

Operational highlights

- We acquired eight Big Boxes during the period, three of which were forward funded pre-let investments, expanding the portfolio to 22 assets. The acquisitions further diversified the portfolio both by geography and by tenant.
- The weighted average unexpired lease term across the portfolio is 15.77 years, which compares well to our target of at least 12 years.
- The average net initial yield of the portfolio at acquisition is 5.8% against our period end valuation of 5.1% net initial yield.
- The total expense ratio for the period was 0.50%, down from 0.71% for the period from 1 January 2014 to 30 June 2014, which compares favourably with our real estate peers.
- Our portfolio was fully let or pre-let and income producing during the period.
- The Company's shares were included in the FTSE EPRA/ NAREIT Global Developed Index from 23 March 2015 and the FTSE 250 Index from 8 June 2015, helping to attract new investors and support liquidity in the shares.
- Growth of the portfolio to provide a total of over 11 million sq ft of logistics space forming the portfolio.

Post Balance Sheet highlights

- In July 2015 a new five year loan facility totalling £50.87 million was agreed with Landesbank Hessen- Thüringen Girozentrale ("Helaba") to finance the forward funded investment pre-let to Ocado in Erith.

Richard Jewson, Chairman of Tritax Big Box REIT plc, commented:

"Our investment manager continues to identify and negotiate good opportunities to buy assets and create capital value enhancement for our shareholders, both at the point of purchase and through a variety of asset management initiatives. We will continue to build an increasingly diversified and high quality portfolio, as we deploy the equity and debt financing raised during the period.

We see the potential for further yield compression in our sub-sector and logistics more generally, especially when viewed against current gilt yields. Big Boxes are becoming increasingly central to retail fulfilment, suggesting that yields have the potential to move towards the levels historically applied to prime retail assets.

The profile of rent reviews across the portfolio means we are well placed to capture rental growth in the market. We believe that the balance of occupational supply and demand should remain favourable for landlords, leading the Group to continue to be confident of strong rental growth in the near term.

The outlook for the remainder of 2015 remains strong and the Company anticipates achieving the dividend target of 6.0 pence per share for the full year."

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT:

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Meeting for investors and analysts and audio recording of results available

A meeting for investors and analysts will be held at 9.30am today at:

Newgate
Sky Light City Tower
50 Basinghall Street
London, EC2V 5DE

In addition, later in the day an audio recording of this meeting and the presentation will also be available to download from the Company's website below.

NOTES:

Tritax Big Box REIT plc is a real estate investment trust to which Part 12 of the UK Corporation Tax Act 2010 applies ("REIT"). The Company invests in and asset manages a portfolio of well-located, modern "Big Box" assets, typically targeting buildings greater than 500,000 sq. ft., let to institutional-grade tenants on long-term leases (typically between 12 and 25 years in length) with upward-only rent reviews (providing the potential for inflation linked earnings growth), and with geographic and tenant diversification throughout the UK. The Company seeks to exploit the significant opportunity in this sub-sector of the UK logistics market owing to strong tenant demand in high growth areas of the economy and limited stock supply. The Company is the first listed vehicle to give pure exposure to the "Big Box" asset class in the UK.

Further information on Tritax Big Box REIT is available at www.tritaxbigbox.co.uk

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Tritax Big Box REIT plc is the only real estate investment trust dedicated to investing in and managing very large logistics warehouses in the UK, known as "Big Boxes". We believe Big Boxes are currently one of the most exciting sectors in the UK property market. We invest in Big Boxes to provide an attractive, secure and growing income stream for our shareholders, together with the opportunity for capital appreciation.

Since listing in December 2013, we have rapidly built a high-quality portfolio as we successfully implement our investment policy. At 30 June 2015, we owned and managed 22 modern and well-located Big Boxes, let or pre-let to institutional-grade tenants. This growth has resulted in a portfolio valued at more than £1 billion and our inclusion in the FTSE 250 index.

We will continue to exploit the significant opportunities in this sub-sector of the UK logistics market. There is strong tenant demand in high-growth areas of the economy and modern stock available to let is very limited. Through our reputation, experience and established network of contacts, we believe we are well placed to continue sourcing attractive opportunities, while remaining disciplined in our investment approach. The portfolio also offers attractive asset management opportunities, which have the potential to provide income growth and capital appreciation.

I am pleased to present the Group's unaudited interim results for the six months to 30 June 2015. Comparative figures throughout this report are for the six months to 30 June 2014.

This was another excellent six months for the Group, during which we have further strengthened the portfolio and secured the funding necessary for the next phase of growth. Market conditions remain favourable for landlords and we are confident of delivering further value for shareholders.

Overview

This has been another rewarding period for our shareholders and a very active period for the Company. As at the period end the portfolio comprised 22 assets, which provide a high quality, sustainable and growing income stream for our shareholders. We have declared dividends totalling 3.0 pence per share in respect of the half year and we remain on track to meet our 6.0 pence per share target for the full year. Strong occupier demand is driving up rents in the sector and the balanced profile of rent review dates across the portfolio should ensure that we can grow income year on year, to support future growth in the dividend.

Our investment manager, Tritax Management LLP (the "Manager") has continued to identify a pipeline of high-quality Big Box assets, drawing on its market intelligence and its excellent relationships with vendors, agents and developers. During the first half of the year, we acquired eight Big Boxes, further diversifying the portfolio by tenant, geography and by range of building sizes.

At 30 June 2015, the portfolio was independently valued at £1.09 billion, including forward funded commitments. This represents a valuation uplift of £114.80 million or 11.7% over the aggregate acquisition price (excluding acquisition costs). We believe this is a strong performance, particularly given the relatively short time the Group has owned some of these assets. Our performance has been enhanced by the Manager's ability to identify and negotiate attractive off-market deals, which offer good value for shareholders and give vendors the speed and certainty of execution of the sale they desire. To date, approximately 79% of the portfolio has been acquired through off-market transactions.

The attractiveness of Big Boxes, which are increasingly central to retailers' business models, has contributed to a further compression of yields in the sector. Despite this, we have maintained the average net initial yield across the portfolio at 5.8%, again reflecting the Manager's ability to source investments at attractive prices and the Group's discipline in not pursuing overpriced assets. Moreover, at the period end the weighted average unexpired lease term across the portfolio was 15.77 years, (30 June 2014: 16.10 years), which compares well to our target of at least 12 years.

Three of the assets we acquired during the period are forward funded, pre-let investments, where we work with a developer to deliver a new logistics facility for a tenant. This brings the total of forward funded assets in the portfolio to four at the period end. The shortage of existing Big Box assets available to let means that these forward funded investments are often the only way for occupiers to secure a building that meets their needs. In recognition of the opportunities in this area, we amended our investment policy during the period, to remove the 25% limit on exposure to forward funded investments. We were encouraged that shareholders recognised the opportunity and supported our proposals by approving this change at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 15 April 2015.

We raised a further £229 million of equity under our share issuance programme. This was achieved through a placing and offer for subscription in March 2015, which generated gross proceeds of £175 million, and a further placing in June 2015 which raised gross proceeds of £54 million. Both share issuances were at prices above our published NAV at the time. The June placing was the final tranche of the 12 month share issuance programme which closed on 7 July 2015 and raised total gross proceeds of £339 million.

Two additional milestones during the period were the inclusion of the Company's shares in the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Developed Index in March and in the FTSE 250 Index in June. This reflects the Group's increasing scale and is helping us to attract a broader shareholder base. It also contributes to robust liquidity in the shares, with daily trading averaging around two million shares each day towards the period end.

Financial Results

The growth in the portfolio, our specialist knowledge of the Big Box sector, attractive market conditions and the continued successful implementation of our investment policy have all contributed to producing strong financial results for the period.

Under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union, our operating profit for the period was £73.79 million (30 June 2014: £8.21 million), with total comprehensive income of £70.98 million (30 June 2014: £7.56 million). Basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") for the period were 12.58 pence (30 June 2014: 3.73 pence), which includes the net valuation gain of £57.98 million we recognised as a result of revaluing our investment properties and derivative interest rate instruments.

The NAV per share at 30 June 2015 was 116.68 pence. This represents an increase of 9.02%, compared with the audited NAV per share of 107.02 pence at 31 December 2014.

The total return for the six month period, measuring the increase in net asset value over the period and dividends paid, amounted to 10.71%.

Under European Public Real Estate Association ("EPRA") methodology, EPS for the period was 2.30 pence (30 June 2014: 2.02 pence). The EPRA NAV per share at 30 June 2015 was 117.06 pence, representing an increase of 8.82% compared with the audited EPRA NAV per share of 107.57 pence at 31 December 2014.

The Group has a low and transparent cost base, with a reduced total expense ratio of 0.50% for the six month period (30 June 2014: 0.71%) which continues to compare favourably with our real estate peers.

Dividends

We have paid two interim dividends in respect of the first half of the financial year. The first dividend of 1.0 pence per share was paid on 22 April 2015 and was in respect of the two months from 1 January to 28 February 2015. The second dividend of 1.5 pence per share was paid on 15 July 2015 and was in respect of the three months from 1 March to 31 May 2015.

On 21 August 2015, the Board declared a third interim dividend of 0.5 pence per share, in respect of the period from 1 June to 30 June 2015. This dividend will be paid on 23 September 2015 to shareholders on the register as at 4 September 2015.

In total, this will take declared dividends to 3.0 pence per share for the half year.

Loan financing and hedging

During the period, we agreed and drew down a further three senior debt facilities provided by Barclays Bank PLC, totalling £68.36 million. As at 30 June 2015, we had drawn down total debt of £272.00 million (31 December 2014: £203.64 million). This reflects an LTV ratio of 29%.

We are currently in discussions to reduce the Company's overall cost of borrowings with gearing levels expected to increase towards the 40%

medium term target as set out in the Company's investment policy.

We have protected the Group from a significant increases in interest rates by using derivative instruments which either fix or limit the interest rates on 10 of the senior loan facilities drawn at the period end. They comprise one swap and nine cap instruments, which run coterminous with each respective loan term.

These provide an all-in running capped rate of borrowing on hedged debt of 3.81%. The actual average interest rate payable on our debt was however, 2.35% per annum as at 30 June 2015.

New loan facility

On 14 July 2015, we agreed a new five year term facility provided by Helaba for £50.87 million. This debt was secured against our forward funded investment asset pre-let to Ocado in Erith.

Outlook

Our investment manager continues to identify and negotiate good opportunities to buy assets and create capital value enhancement for our shareholders, both at the point of purchase and through a variety of asset management initiatives. We will continue to build an increasingly diversified and high quality portfolio, as we deploy the equity and debt financing raised during the period.

We see the potential for further yield compression in our sub-sector and logistics more generally, especially when viewed against current gilt yields. Big Boxes are becoming increasingly central to retail fulfilment, suggesting that yields have the potential to move towards the levels historically applied to prime retail assets.

The profile of rent reviews across the portfolio means we are well placed to capture rental growth in the market. We believe that the balance of occupational supply and demand should remain favourable for landlords, leading the Group to continue to be confident of strong rental growth in the near term.

The outlook for the remainder of 2015 remains strong and the Company anticipates achieving the dividend target of 6.0 pence per share for the full year.

Richard Jewson Chairman

21 August 2015

TRITAX BIG BOX AT A GLANCE

We invest in Big Box logistics assets, which are the backbone of the UK's retail and e-commerce markets.

Investment objectives and strategy

We have a clear set of objectives, which reflect our key aim of creating value for our shareholders. By building and asset managing a diversified portfolio of Big Box assets, let or pre-let to high-calibre, institutional grade tenants, we look to provide shareholders with long-term, secure and increasing income streams together with the opportunity for generating attractive capital returns.

We aim to deliver:

- a dividend of 6.0 pence per share for the year ending 31 December 2015, with the opportunity to grow the dividend thereafter through our long-term, upward only lease agreements; and
- a total return (dividends paid plus growth in net asset value) in excess of 9% a year, over the medium term.

Highly diversified portfolio

We have a three-pillar investment focus:

Foundation assets (70% of the portfolio) provide our core, low-risk income. They are usually let on long leases to tenants with excellent financial covenant strength. The buildings are typically new or modern and in prime locations, and the leases have regular upward-only rent reviews, which are either to open market, fixed or linked to the CPI or RPI indices.

Value add assets (17% of the portfolio) are typically let to tenants with strong financial covenants and offer the opportunity to grow the assets' capital value or rental income. We achieve this through asset management and our understanding of occupiers' requirements. These assets are usually highly re-lettable.

Growth covenant assets (13% of the portfolio) are often situated in good locations and let to tenants which we perceive to be undervalued and have the opportunity to improve their financial strength. Examples include young e-retailers or companies that have strong growth prospects as the UK economy continues its recovery, offering value enhancement through yield compression.

Portfolio by asset value

Foundation assets

Sainsburys	5%
M&S	9%
Tesco, Didcot	3%
Morrisons	11%
DHL, Skelmersdale	3%
DHL, Langley Mill	2%
Rolls-Royce Motor Cars Ltd	4%
Kuehne & Nagel	4%
Ocado	10%
Brakes	3%
Argos	3%
B&Q	8%
Tesco, Goole	5%
Total Foundation assets	70%

Value-add assets

Tesco, Chesterfield	3%
Next	6%
Tesco, Middleton	2%
L'Oréal	3%
New Look	3%
Total Value-add assets	17%

Growth covenant assets

Wolseley	1%
The Range	5%
Nice-Pak	3%
Dunelm	4%
Total Growth covenant assets	13%

Tenant Type by Sector

Food Retail	45%
Retail	45%
Logistics	5%
Manufacturing	5%
	100%

Portfolio by Geography

North East	34%
North West	14%
Midlands	21%
South East	31%
	100%

Portfolio by Size

<300k sq ft	9%
300k-499k sq ft	26%
500k-700k sq ft	20%
>700k sq ft	45%
	100%

Our portfolio

Tenant	Location	Valuation (£m)	Purchase NIY (%)
Foundation Assets			
Sainsbury's Supermarket Ltd	Leeds	59.33	6.65
Marks & Spencer plc	Castle Donington	96.78	5.20
Tesco Stores Ltd	Didcot	32.995	6.90
Wm Morrison Supermarkets Ltd	Sittingbourne	116.45	5.20
DHL Supply Chain Ltd	Langley Mill	20.875	6.50
DHL Supply Chain Ltd	Skelmersdale	33.75	6.50
Rolls-Royce Motor Cars Ltd	Bognor Regis	40.90	6.25
Kuehne & Nagel Ltd	Derby	31.95	6.00
Ocado Holdings Ltd	Erith	109.25	5.25
Brake Bros Ltd	Harlow	38.56	5.00
Argos Ltd	Heywood	35.39	5.31
B&Q plc	Worksop	94.40	5.13
Tesco Stores Ltd	Goole	49.615	5.67
Value-add assets			
Tesco Stores Ltd	Chesterfield	32.85	6.60
Next Group Plc	Doncaster	67.45	6.07
Tesco Stores Ltd	Middleton	23.875	8.25
L'Oréal (UK) Ltd	Manchester	28.30	7.13
New Look Retailers Ltd	Newcastle-under-Lyme	31.425	5.90
Growth Covenant assets			
Wolseley UK Ltd	Ripon	14.41	6.73
CDS (Superstores International) Ltd (trading as The Range)	Thorne	59.04	6.10
Nice-Pak International Ltd	Wigan	32.27	6.42
Dunelm(Soft Furnishings) Ltd	Stoke	43.60	5.47
		1,093.465	5.84

Six months in brief

29 January

Acquired the forward funded investment of a new logistics facility pre-let to Ocado at Erith, inside the M25, for a total consideration of £101.73 million including license fee.

2 February

Announced debt financing of £13.20 million with Barclays Bank PLC, secured on the distribution centre at Dove Valley Park, Derby, let to Kuehne & Nagel Ltd.

6 March

Declared an interim dividend of 1.00 pence per share, in respect of the period from 1 January 2015 to 28 February 2015.

19 March

Raised gross proceeds of £175 million through a Placing and Offer for Subscription of 159.09 million new Ordinary Shares, at an issue price of 110 pence per share.

23 March

The Company's shares were included in the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Developed Index.

10 April

Acquired the Brake Bros Ltd Distribution Centre at Flex Meadow, Harlow, for £37.20 million.

15 April

Shareholders voted at an Extraordinary General Meeting to amend the Company's investment policy and cancel its share premium account.

20 April

Acquired the Argos Regional Distribution Centre at Heywood, Manchester, for £34.10 million.

28 April

Acquired the B&Q Core Products National Distribution Centre at Worksop, Nottinghamshire, for £89.75 million.

30 April

Announced debt financing of £14.80 million with Barclays Bank PLC, secured on a new logistics asset near Bognor Regis, pre-let to Rolls-Royce Motor Cars Ltd.

1 May

Acquired the New Look Retailers Ltd National and European Distribution Centre at Lymedale Business Park, Newcastle-under-Lyme, for £30.05 million.

13 May

Acquired the forwarded funded investment of a distribution and production facility at Wigan, Greater Manchester, pre-let to Nice-Pak International, for an investment price of £28.66 million.

Announced debt financing of £40.38 million with Barclays Bank PLC, secured on the B&Q Core Products National Distribution Centre at Worksop, Nottinghamshire.

1 June

Acquired the Tesco Regional Distribution Centre at Capitol Park, Goole, for £47.10 million.

8 June

Declared an interim dividend of 1.50 pence per share, in respect of the period from 1 March 2015 to 31 May 2015.

The Company's shares were included in the FTSE 250 Index.

Acquired the forwarded funded investment of a distribution facility in Prologis Park, Sideway, Stoke on Trent, pre-let to Dunelm (Soft Furnishings) Ltd, for an investment price of £43.43 million.

18 June

Placed 47.79 million new Ordinary Shares at a price of 113 pence per share, raising gross proceeds of £54 million.

MANAGER'S REPORT

This was a successful period during which the Group continued to implement its investment and financing strategies, leaving the Group well positioned for further success.

Occupational market

Market conditions remained favourable for landlords during the period. Big Box assets are increasingly important to retailers' business models, enabling them to fulfil efficiently online orders, distribute stock quickly and reliably to stores, and achieve cost savings and economies of scale. They are also strategic assets for other companies, such as logistics providers and manufacturers. As a result, occupier demand for Big Boxes remains strong.

There is, however, very limited occupational supply, with only one modern Big Box of more than 500,000 sq ft available to let in the UK at Sherburn (created by joining two previously developed units together). There is also no current speculative development of units over 500,000 sq ft and the Manager is not aware of any which are planned. This, coupled with the restrictive planning framework, means that there is unlikely to be a significant increase in supply in the near term. As a result strong rental growth has been evidenced during the last 18 months (see table below) and the Manager expects this trend to continue for the remainder of 2015 and beyond.

Location	Prime rent (per sq ft)	Annual growth
M25 West	£14.00	12.00%
M25 North	£10.00	14.30%
M25 East	£9.00	16.10%
Milton Keynes	£6.75	3.80%
Birmingham	£6.35	10.40%
M1/M6 Interchange	£6.25	4.20%
Warrington	£5.50	0.00%
Wakefield	£5.25	10.50%

Source: CBRE

At present, the only way for occupiers to secure a new or very modern Big Box asset is to pre-let a forward funded development. Sites for new developments, in locations suitable for servicing an occupier's target market, are however difficult to locate and secure. These conditions have resulted in Big Boxes becoming one of the only areas of the property market where tenants are willing to sign leases of 20 years or more, without break clauses, to ensure they can initially secure and then retain use of the asset over the long term, thus benefitting from their own substantial investment within the building which increasingly takes the form of mechanisation and computerisation.

Investment market

Since the Company's IPO, there has been strong investment demand for logistics assets and this remains the case. Supply of investment products has been constrained and this has contributed to yield compression in the sector. According to CBRE, yields for a 15 year lease to an institutional-grade tenant at a market rent for a modern building have reduced from 6.5% in January 2013 to 5.0% as at 30 June 2015. Despite the importance of these assets to retailers, however, prime logistics yields still remain above that of prime retail, which are yielding 4.25%. The current very low gilt yields also offer scope for further yield compression in prime logistics investments.

Despite a backdrop of constrained investment supply, the Manager continues to draw on its network of contacts with vendors, agents and developers, to source selective off-market deals that create value for shareholders, having maintained an attractive average net initial yield across the portfolio of 5.8%. The current low cost of debt also means that the Manager is able to maintain an attractive positive yield gap on the assets it acquires for the benefit of the Group.

Whilst a shortage of new Big Box stock is likely to remain acute for occupiers, the development of new Big Boxes created from pre-lets should deliver a controlled stream of investment opportunities for those with close developer relationships.

Investment policy and activity

The Company has an investment policy, which ensures that it typically invests in assets that:

- are let or pre-let. The Company does not invest in speculative developments and will only forward fund investments where a tenant is already contracted;
- have institutional-grade tenants, with sound businesses and/or good growth potential;
- are in the right locations in the UK, with good transport connections and workforce availability;
- are of the right size, age and expansion potential to meet the requirements of major occupiers;
- have leases to institutional standards, with regular upward-only rent reviews and a typical unexpired lease length on purchase of over 12 years, to provide long-term and secure income flows; and
- are strategically important to the tenant. This may be evidenced by extensive investment in fitting out the unit or proximity to the tenant's market and/or other key assets.

During the period, the Manager continued to implement successfully the Company's investment policy, acquiring a further eight assets to bring the total in the portfolio to 22.

The acquired assets, which are described in further detail in the following section, increased the diversification of the Group's portfolio by geography, tenant and size of asset. Of the newly acquired assets, five are foundation assets, one is a value add asset and two are growth covenant assets.

Three of the acquired assets are forward funded investments, pre-let to institutional-grade tenants. This brings the total of forward funded investments in the portfolio to four. Forward funding is an attractive method of obtaining new, long-lease assets at a discount to the value of the completed and let investment. As at 30 June 2015 the company had over 1.8 million sq ft contracted under forward funding arrangements.

The average size of the properties in the portfolio at 30 June 2015 was 500,112 sq ft. The weighted average unexpired lease term at the same date was 15.77 years.

Summary of Portfolio

Tenant	Location	Month of acquisition	Net Purchase price (£m)	Purchase NIY (%)	Annual passing rent (£)	Size (sq ft) ¥	Rent per sq ft (£)	Next rent review date
Sainsbury's Supermarket Ltd	Leeds Castle	Dec 2013	48.75	6.65	3,295,716	571,522	5.77	May 2018
Marks & Spencer plc	Donington	Dec 2013	82.58	5.20	4,351,723	906,240	4.80	Dec 2016
Tesco Stores Ltd	Chesterfield	Mar 2014	28.64	6.60	1,999,804	501,751	3.99	May 2020
Tesco Stores Ltd	Didcot	Apr 2014	27.20	6.90	1,920,000	288,295	6.66	Aug 2019
Next Group Plc	Doncaster	Jun 2014	60.00	6.07	3,854,857	755,055	5.11	Mar 2018
Wm Morrison Supermarkets Ltd	Sittingbourne	Jun 2014	97.80	5.20	5,419,974	919,443	5.89	Jun 2015
DHL Supply Chain Ltd	Langley Mill	Aug 2014	17.53	6.50	1,214,480	255,680	4.75	Aug 2019

DHL Supply Chain Ltd	Skelmersdale	Aug 2014	28.87	6.50	2,000,000	470,385	4.25	Aug 2019
Wolseley UK Ltd	Ripon	Aug 2014	12.24	6.73	838,500	221,763	3.78	Sep 2016
Rolls-Royce Motor Cars Ltd	Bognor Regis	Oct 2014	36.98	6.25	2,379,481	313,220	7.23	Oct 2020
CDS (Superstores International) Ltd (trading as The Range)	Thorne	Nov 2014	48.50	6.10	3,122,994	750,431	4.16	Oct 2017
Tesco Stores Ltd	Middleton	Dec 2014	22.45	8.25	1,959,767	302,111	6.49	Dec 2017
Kuehne & Nagel Ltd*	Derby	Dec 2014	29.27	6.00	1,858,000	343,248	5.41	Apr 2017
L'Oréal (UK) Ltd	Manchester	Dec 2014	25.83	7.13	1,947,231	261,959	7.45	Aug 2015
Ocado Holdings Ltd†	Erith	Jan 2015	101.73	5.25	5,490,254	563,103	9.75	2021*
Brake Bros Ltd	Harlow	Apr 2015	37.18	5.00	1,817,000	268,335	7.04	Apr 2017
Argos Ltd	Heywood	Apr 2015	34.10	5.31	1,900,000	395,186	4.81	Mar 2018
B&Q plc	Worksop	Apr 2015	89.75	5.13	4,693,937	878,245	5.34	Nov 2016
	Newcastle-under-Lyme	May 2015	30.05	5.90	1,795,170	398,618	4.50	Apr 2017
New Look Retailers Ltd	Wigan	May 2015	28.66	6.42	1,780,781	399,519	4.70	2021*
Nice- Pak International Ltd	Goole	Jun 2015	47.10	5.67	2,808,384	711,933	3.94	Oct 2017
Tesco Stores Ltd								
Dunelm(Soft Furnishings) Ltd	Stoke-on-Trent	Jun 2015	43.43	5.47	2,421,560	526,426	4.60	2021*
Total			978.64	5.84	58,869,613	11,002,468		

* Guaranteed by Hays Plc

† Guaranteed by Ocado Group plc

* Estimate based on practical completion date of forward funded asset

‡ CBRE measured floor area

Acquisitions in the period

Standing assets

B&Q, Worksop

Location	Worksop, Nottinghamshire
Acquisition date	April 2015
Acquisition price	£89.8 million
Size	878,245 sq ft
Lease	16.5 years; inflation linked five year review
Net initial purchase yield	5.13%
Eaves height	14-24m
On/off market	Off market

In April 2015, the Group acquired the freehold interest of the B&Q Core Products National Distribution Centre at Worksop, Nottinghamshire, for £89.8 million (net of corporate acquisition costs). This represented a net initial yield of 5.13%.

The high-specification property was purpose built in 2005 for B&Q. It incorporates modern design features such as cross docking, an eaves height of between 14 and 24 metres and a fully automated racking system. The facility benefits from very significant capital investment by the tenant and provides opportunities for potential building expansion and connection to a rail freight distribution network. The facility is well located in the East Midlands, adjacent to the A57 which links directly to both the A1 to the East and M1 to the West.

The current total floor area extends to 878,245 sq ft, representing an exceptionally low site cover of 26.4%. Planning consent is in place to increase the facility to a total of 1.1 million sq ft. An extension to the building could therefore be constructed subject to the tenant requirement.

The asset was acquired with an unexpired lease term of approximately 16.5 years. It is currently let at a rent of approximately £4.7 million per annum (£5.34 per sq ft), which is subject to five-yearly rent reviews to the higher of the open market rent or RPI, capped at 5% per annum. The next review is due in November 2016.

Brake Bros, Harlow

Acquisition price	£37.18m
Net initial purchase yield	5.00%
GIA	268,335 sq ft
Eaves	11m
Built	1989
Lease expiry	July 2039

- One of Brake Bros' main UK regional distribution centres, in a core location close to the M11, the M25 and central London, providing distribution across the South East
- New 25-year lease taken by Brake Bros in July 2014
- Five-yearly upward only rent reviews linked to annual RPI, with a cap of 5% pa
- Currently undergoing comprehensive refurbishment, funded by the tenant
- Low site cover of c.35% offers expansion possibilities.

Argos, Heywood

Acquisition price	£34.10m
Net initial purchase yield	5.31%
GIA	395,186 sq ft
Eaves	13.5m
Built	1998
Lease expiry	March 2028

- One of four main regional distribution centres for Argos' supply chain
- A high specification facility, incorporating modern design features including cross docking
- Strategically located on the A58 trunk road linking Leeds and Manchester, approximately seven miles north of Manchester city centre, with the M62 approximately two miles to the south, providing good access to the North West and the wider motorway network
- Five-yearly upward only open market rent reviews
- Low site cover of c.37% offers expansion possibilities.

New Look, Newcastle-under-Lyme

Acquisition price	£30.05m
Net initial purchase yield	5.90%
GIA	398,618 sq ft
Eaves	12m & 15m
Built	2007, extended 2011
Lease expiry	January 2025

- One of two National and European Distribution Centres occupied by New Look
- A modern and highly specified facility, with multiple mezzanine floors. The tenant has invested significantly in the property, creating one of the UK's most advanced automated clothing distribution centres
- Situated in a major UK distribution location close to the M6, broadly equidistant from Manchester and Birmingham International Airports and around 52 miles from the Port of Liverpool
- Subject to five-yearly upward only rent reviews to open market rental value, with the next reviews due in April 2017 and 2022 expected to benefit from limited occupational availability and high demand for Big Box assets in the area.

Tesco, Goole

Acquisition price	£47.10m
Net initial purchase yield	5.67%
GIA	711,933 sq ft
Eaves	14m
Built	2007
Lease expiry	September 2032

- One of Tesco's principal regional distribution centres and a main hub for distributing general merchandise, ambient food and beverages
- A high specification unit, incorporating modern design features such as cross docking, and a low site density of c.32%, potentially allowing for up to 150,000 sq ft of additional space within the site
- The location enjoys excellent road, rail and port connectivity. The M62 is within two miles, providing easy access to the North East. The asset is close to the port of Goole's dedicated rail freight terminal and has the potential to be directly connected to the national rail network
- The asset is subject to five-yearly, upward-only open market rent reviews.

Forward funded pre-let investments

Ocado, Erith

Location	Erith, South East London
Acquisition date	January 2015
Acquisition price	£101.7 million
Size	563,103 sq ft
Lease	30 years from practical completion, rent review five yearly to RPI (minimum 1%, maximum 3% pa)
Net initial purchase yield	5.25%
Eaves height	10m
On/off market	Off market

In May 2015, the Group completed the land purchase and proceeded to forward fund a new warehouse facility at Erith. The facility is pre-let to Ocado Holdings Limited and guaranteed by Ocado Group plc. The investment price was £101.73 million, reflecting a yield of 5.25% (net of purchase costs).

The building will have a gross internal area of approximately 563,103 sq ft, equating to a low site cover of c.35%. Construction began in May 2015, with practical completion of the developer's base build targeted for the summer of 2016.

The site is in a core South East location inside the M25, with central London approximately 12 miles to the West and Tilbury Docks and the DP World container port to the East. The location benefits from excellent motorway connections, providing access to Greater London and the Home Counties.

Since Morrisons did not take up the option to become joint guarantor, Ocado has signed a 30-year lease, without a break. The initial rent will be approximately £5.5 million pa (£9.75 per sq ft), subject to five-yearly rent reviews indexed to RPI (capped and collared at 3% and 1% per annum respectively). During the construction phase, the Group will receive an income return from the developer equivalent to the initial passing rent, providing an effective income term of 31 years.

Nice-Pak, Wigan

Acquisition price	£28.66m
Net initial purchase yield	6.42%

GIA	399,519 sq ft
Eaves	c.11m
Practical completion	Spring 2016
Lease expiry	25 years from practical completion of the building

- Located in Westwood Park, just south of Wigan town centre and approximately two miles from the M6, with good motorway connectivity to the rest of the UK and the West coast ports
- Pre-let on a new 25-year lease from practical completion, without break, subject to five-yearly upward only rent reviews indexed to RPI (collared at 2% per annum and capped at 4% per annum)
- The tenant intends to commit significant capital into the property through machinery and automation, in order to enhance production and distribution efficiency.

Dunelm, Stoke-on-Trent

Acquisition price	£43.43m
Net initial purchase yield	5.47%
GIA	526,426 sq ft
Eaves	15m
Practical completion	early 2016
Lease expiry	ten years from practical completion of the building

- Strategically located approximately two miles from the M6 on the A500 dual carriageway, which connects to the A50 and A52, providing a key East-West link between the M6 and M1. The site has good access to the Port of Liverpool and Manchester and Birmingham Airports
- Dunelm intends to commit significant capital into this property. Dunelm already occupies two smaller units at nearby Prologis Park, Stoke, together totalling approximately 500,000 sq ft. When combined with this new site, these three buildings will form Dunelm's national distribution hub.

Valuation and portfolio value growth

CBRE independently valued the portfolio as at 30 June 2015 in accordance with the RICS Valuation - Professional Standards January 2014. The properties were valued individually, without applying a premium or discount to the portfolio as a whole.

The portfolio was independently valued at £1.09 billion, including forward funded commitments, compared with the assets' aggregate purchase price of £978.64 million, excluding purchase costs. This represents a valuation increase of £114.80 million or 11.7%, when compared to the property purchase prices excluding acquisition costs.

The valuation increase reflects strong investment demand and the hardened yields discussed in the Investment Market section above, but also the ability of the Manager to source investments at attractive prices.

	30 June 2015 £'m	30 June 2014 £'m
Investment properties per the Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position	964.1	360.7
Cost to complete forward funded assets	115.7	-
Licence fees receivable	9.6	-
Restricted cash	4.1	-
Total Portfolio Valuation	1,093.5	360.7

Financial results

Operating profit under IFRS was £73.79 million for the period (30 June 2014: £8.21 million). This reflected:

- the portfolio's strong rental income, which equates to a yield based on book cost of 5.8%; and
- the gain over the period of £57.95 million (30 June 2014: £4.01 million) recognised on revaluing the Group's investment properties at the period end. This gain was after accounting for all costs associated with asset purchases during the period.

Administrative and other expenses, which include the Manager's fee and other costs of running the Group, were £3.23 million (30 June 2014: £1.48 million), equivalent to 0.34% (30 June 2014: 0.41%) of the portfolio's gross asset value at 30 June 2015. Our total expense ratio for the period was 0.50%. This continues to compare very favourably with the expenses of the Company's peers.

Net financing costs for the period were £2.83 million (30 June 2014: £0.10 million), excluding the change in the fair value of interest rate derivatives of £0.03 million (30 June 2014: £0.55 million). Further information on financing and hedging is provided below.

Total profit before tax for the period was £70.98 million (30 June 2014: £7.56 million), which resulted in earnings per share (basic and diluted) of 12.58 pence (30 June 2014: 3.73 pence).

The Group's EPRA earnings per share for the period were 2.30 pence (30 June 2014: 2.02 pence). The unaudited EPRA NAV per share at 30 June 2015 was 117.06 pence (31 December 2014: 107.57 pence). A full list of EPRA performance measures is provided on below.

Loan financing and hedging

During the period, the Group drew down three senior debt facilities totalling £68.36 million, resulting in total long-term bank borrowings at 30 June 2015 of £272.00 million (31 December 2014: £203.64 million). The weighted average margin payable across all loans was 1.77% over 3-month LIBOR.

The table below summarises the Group's senior debt facilities that were drawn at 30 June 2015:

Asset	Lender	Expiry date	Long-term debt drawn (£)
-------	--------	-------------	--------------------------

Sainsburys Leeds	Barclays	June 2018 ¹	23,500,000
Marks & Spencer, Castle Donington	Barclays	June 2019 ²	49,275,000
Tesco, Didcot	Barclays	June 2018 ¹	12,240,000
Next, Doncaster	Barclays	June 2018 ¹	16,429,250
Morrisons, Sittingbourne	Barclays	June 2019 ²	53,790,000
DHL, Langley Mill	Helaba	November 2019	7,060,000
DHL, Skelmersdale	Helaba	November 2019	11,600,000
Wolseley Ripon	Santander UK	December 2019	5,500,000
The Range, Thorne	Barclays	November 2019 ¹	24,250,000
Kuehne & Nagel, Derby	Barclays	December 2018 ¹	13,171,500
Rolls-Royce, Bognor Regis	Barclays	April 2020	14,800,000
B&Q, Worksop	Barclays	May 2020 ¹	40,387,500
Total			272,003,250

¹ 12 month extension option available

² Extension option available of up to 24 months

The Group's stated medium term target LTV ratio is 40%. The LTV ratio, based on long-term debt drawn as at 30 June 2015 was 29%. This lower level reflects the timing of our equity fundraising and subsequent property investment purchases, as well as the phasing of debt drawn down to finance the construction of forward funded developments.

The Company continues to undertake discussions with the objective of reducing the overall cost of borrowings in support of shareholder dividends and expects to increase the LTV broadly in line with the 40% target in the medium term as set out in the Company's investment policy. Such arrangements could include an element of cross collateralisation of the Group's property assets.

The Group has used derivative instruments to protect against a significant rise in interest rates by entering into nine interest rate caps and a swap. The weighted average strike rate for these instruments was 2.04%, which when combined with the average margin at the period end, equated to a capped all-in rate of borrowing of 3.81% for the Company's hedged debt. While this is the maximum rate payable under our existing loans, the average margin of 1.77% over 3-month LIBOR gave an all-in rate payable at the period end of approximately 2.35% pa. By using these interest rate instruments the Group had effectively hedged 78% of its long-term debt as at 30 June 2015.

New loan facility

On 14 July 2015, the Group agreed a new five year term facility provided by Helaba for £50.87 million. This debt was secured against our forward funded investment asset pre-let to Ocado in Erith and will be drawn over the remainder of the construction phase of the building.

Dividends

The Company declared an interim dividend of 1.0 pence per share on 6 March 2015, which it paid on 22 April 2015. This dividend was in respect of the period from 1 January to 28 February 2015.

A second interim dividend of 1.5 pence per share was declared on 8 June 2015, in respect of the period from 1 March to 31 May 2015. This dividend was paid on 15 July 2015.

On 21 August 2015, the Board declared a third interim dividend of 0.5 pence per share, in respect of the month of June 2015. This will be paid on 23 September 2015, to shareholders on the register as at 4 September 2015.

Asset management

The potential for capital value enhancement from asset management is a key consideration when selecting assets for purchase. However, not all properties are purchased with asset management as an immediate strategic focus; often these will materialise over time from changes in the circumstances of the tenant. Opportunities may be identified prior to purchase or subsequently. Within the context of the Company's three pillar asset categorisation, opportunities for asset management may be vested within "foundation assets", "growth covenant assets" but are more likely from "value add assets".

Prior to acquisition, the strategic plan for each asset is drafted and agreed between the management team. This incorporates information gleaned from legal due diligence, technical surveys, inspections and directly from the tenant. The initial plan is predominantly linked to lease event, pricing or rental growth opportunities, however, following direct contact with both "on site" and "head office" representatives of each occupier, the plan is expanded so as to incorporate further asset management opportunities linking with operational improvements and efficiencies. Such opportunities can be led directly by a requirement specified by the tenant or as a result of observations and recommendations from the Manager.

Over the past 18 months, meetings, discussions and inspections have been pursued actively with each occupier. This has enabled the Manager to be more informed about both the macro corporate strategy for the business of each tenant (and therefore on how the property fits into that strategy) and on a micro level in assessing the efficiency of the property. Understanding these areas is crucial in assessing how we can help the tenant meet its business objectives by either enhancing the existing property or expand through an adjacent site or in another location.

A number of occupiers in our portfolio have indicated a requirement for future expansion space, some of which may be incorporated within the existing site areas, or alternatively through further land acquisition or in collaboration with neighbouring developers. Timescales for delivery of potential building extensions vary, but the Manager believes that there are some promising opportunities for the Company.

Significant projects, such as building extensions may offer the potential for the Company to commit capital expenditure in return for increased and potentially enhanced rent or in some cases, initiating a re-gear of the lease to extend for a longer term.

During the period, one open market rent review date has been triggered in respect of the property at Chesterfield, let to Tesco. Specialist rent review surveyors have been appointed to negotiate on behalf of the Company. It is anticipated that an increase in rent will be achieved. The annual fixed rental uplift at the Sittingbourne logistics facility, let to Morrisons, is subject to RPI, capped at 2% per annum. This has resulted in a rental uplift of over 1%, which took effect from 14 June 2015.

A number of tenants have completed or applied for the Company's consent to undertake building alterations. These works have included the installation of sophisticated computer-controlled automation systems and the construction of a link bridge to an adjoining new property. A number of these tenant funded projects represent a significant capital commitment by the tenant, thereby endorsing the importance of the property to the tenant's distribution network. Where such alterations improve the investment credentials of the property, the Manager will typically offer to fund the works in return for variations to the lease, so as to further enhance value for the Company and its shareholders.

Each property has been reviewed for the potential inclusion of roof mounted solar panels. This initiative enables the Company to improve the environmental EPC rating of the property and offers power to tenants at reduced rates, thereby reducing operational costs whilst supporting their CSR commitments. If the Company is able to fund these works then this produces an additional income stream and improves the quality of the property.

Investor relations

During the period, the Manager has devoted time to meeting with existing shareholders and prospective new investors in the UK, US and the Netherlands in particular. The Manager has also hosted several "Big Box" site visits for existing and prospective investors since launch, with the latest event in July 2015 visiting the asset at Castle Donington, let to M&S and Worksop, let to B&Q.

We also continue to strive to improve the scope and clarity of the Company's reporting to shareholders, both in the interim and annual report, the regular market announcements and the website.

Alternative Investment Fund Manager ("AIFM")

The Manager is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority as a full-scope AIFM. The Manager is therefore authorised to provide its services to the Group and the Group benefits from the rigorous reporting and ongoing compliance regime applicable to AIFMs in the UK.

As part of this regulatory process, Langham Hall UK Depositary LLP ("Langham Hall") is responsible for cash monitoring, asset verification and oversight of the Company and the Manager. In performing its function, Langham Hall conducts a quarterly review during which it monitors and verifies all new acquisitions, share issues, loan facilities and other key events, together with shareholder distributions, the quarterly management accounts, bank reconciliations and the Company's general controls and processes. Langham Hall provides a written report of its findings to the Company and the Manager and to date it has not identified any issues. The Company therefore benefits from a continuous 'real time' audit check on its processes and controls.

Company Secretary

On 7 May 2015, the Company announced the appointment of the Manager as Company Secretary, replacing Taylor Wessing Secretaries Limited.

Tritax Management LLP Manager

21 August 2015

Key Performance Indicators

KPI and Definition	Performance
<p>1. Total return (TR) In relation to our investment objective, TR measures the change in the net asset value over the period plus dividends paid. As explained, we are targeting a TR in excess of 9% per annum over the medium-term.</p>	<p>10.71% Group's TR for the period to 30 June 2015</p>
<p>2. EPRA NAV per share* The value of our assets (based on an independent valuation) less the book value of our liabilities, attributable to shareholders and calculated in accordance with EPRA guidelines.</p> <p>* EPRA earnings, EPRA NAV and EPRA EPS are alternate metrics to their IFRS equivalents that are calculated in accordance with the Best Practices Recommendations of the European Public Real Estate Association (EPRA). The Company uses these alternative metrics as they provide a transparent and consistent basis to enable a comparison between European property companies</p>	<p>117.06 pence EPRA NAV per share at 30 June 2015 An 8.8% increase against the EPRA NAV at 31 December 2014 (107.57 pence)</p>
<p>3. Loan to value ratio (LTV) The proportion of the Group's property portfolio that is funded by borrowings. Our initial target LTV was 45% of the Group's gross assets, with a medium-term target of 40%. The LTV will be subject to a maximum of 50% of the Group's gross assets at the time of drawdown.</p>	<p>29% LTV at 30 June 2015 We are in active discussions with a view to introducing new banking facilities in the near term, to increase the Group's LTV ratio in line with its 40% target.</p>
<p>4. Dividend against target Dividends paid and declared to shareholders in relation to the period.</p>	<p>3.00 pence per share Dividend per share in respect of the period to 30 June 2015 We are on track to meet our targeted dividend for 2015 of 6.00 pence per share</p>
<p>5. EPRA EPS* Post-tax earnings that are attributable to shareholders, calculated in accordance with EPRA guidelines.</p>	<p>2.30 pence per share EPRA EPS for the period to 30 June 2015</p>
<p>6. Total expense ratio (TER) The ratio of total administration and property operating costs expressed as a percentage of average net asset value throughout the period. Over the medium-term the Group is targeting a TER of 1% or below per annum.</p>	<p>0.50% TER for the half year to 30 June 2015 This ratio is set to decrease further as the NAV of the Group grows and associated overheads reduce relatively through the remainder of 2015</p>
<p>7. Weighted average unexpired lease term (WAULT) The average unexpired lease term of the property portfolio,</p>	<p>15.77 years WAULT at 30 June 2015</p>

EPRA Performance Indicators

Measure and definition	Purpose	Performance
1. EPRA Earnings Earnings from operational activities.	A key measure of a company's underlying operating results and an indication of the extent to which current dividend payments are supported by earnings.	£13.01 million/2.30 pps EPRA earnings as at 30 June 2015
2. EPRA NAV Net asset value adjusted to include properties and other investment interests at fair value and to exclude certain items not expected to crystallise in a long-term investment property business.	Makes adjustments to IFRS NAV to provide stakeholders with the most relevant information on the fair value of the assets and liabilities within a true real estate investment company with a long-term investment strategy.	£793.12 million/117.06 pps EPRA NAV as at 30 June 2015
3. EPRA NNNAV EPRA NAV adjusted to include the fair values of: (i) financial instruments; (ii) debt and; (iii) deferred taxes.	Makes adjustments to EPRA NAV to provide stakeholders with the most relevant information on the current fair value of all the assets and liabilities within a real estate company.	£790.56 million/116.68 pps EPRA NNNAV 30 June 2015 All debt as at 30 June 2015 is floating rate debt, which has been valued at par
4.1 EPRA Net Initial Yield (NIY) Annualised rental income based on the cash rents passing at the balance sheet date, less non-recoverable property operating expenses, divided by the market value of the property, increased with (estimated) purchasers' costs.	A comparable measure for portfolio valuations. This measure should make it easier for investors to judge themselves, how the valuation of two portfolios compare.	5.10% EPRA NIY as at 30 June 2015
4.2 EPRA 'Topped-Up' NIY This measure incorporates an adjustment to the EPRA NIY in respect of the expiration of rent-free periods (or other unexpired lease incentives such as discounted rent periods and step rents).	A comparable measure for portfolio valuations. This measure should make it easier for investors to judge themselves, how the valuation of two portfolios compare.	5.12% EPRA 'Topped-Up' NIY as at 30 June 2015
5. EPRA Vacancy Estimated Market Rental Value (ERV) of vacant space divided by ERV of the whole portfolio.	A "pure" (%) measure of investment property space that is vacant, based on ERV.	0.0% EPRA Vacancy as at 30 June 2015
6. EPRA Cost Ratio Administrative and operating costs (including and excluding costs of direct vacancy) divided by gross rental income.	A key measure to enable meaningful measurement of the changes in a company's operating costs.	16.9% EPRA cost ratio as at 30 June 2015 This ratio is both inclusive and exclusive vacancy costs

Principal Risks

The principal risk and uncertainties the Group faces are described in detail on pages 31 to 33 of the 2014 Annual Report, and are summarised below. The Audit Committee, which assists the Board with its responsibilities for managing risk, considers that the principal risks and uncertainties were unchanged during the period

Property Risk

- Our property performance will depend on general real estate market conditions.
- Our ability to grow the portfolio may be affected by competition for investment properties in the Big Box sector.
- Our property performance will depend on the performance of the UK retail sector and the continued growth of online retail.

Financial Risk

- Our use of floating rate debt will expose the business to underlying interest rate movements.
- Our ability to raise equity and debt finance may restrict our ability to grow.

Corporate Risk

- There can be no guarantee that we will achieve our investment objectives.
- As an externally managed company, we are reliant on the continuance of the Manager.

Taxation Risk

- We operate as a UK REIT and have a tax-efficient corporate structure, with advantageous consequences for UK shareholders. Any change to our tax status or in UK tax legislation could affect our ability to achieve our investment objectives and provide favourable returns to shareholders.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

The Directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge this condensed set of financial statements has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 as adopted by the European Union and that the operating and financial review herein includes a fair review of the information required by DTR 4.2.7 and DTR 4.2.8 of the Disclosure and Transparency rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority namely:

- an indication of important events that have occurred during the first six months of the financial year and their impact on the condensed financial statements and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining six months of the financial year; and
- material related party transactions in the first six months of the financial year and any material changes in the related party transactions disclosed in the 2014 Annual Report.

Shareholder information is as disclosed on the Tritax Big Box REIT plc website:
<http://tritaxbigbox.co.uk/investors/#shareholder-information>

For and on behalf of the Board

Richard Jewson Chairman
 21 August 2015

INDEPENDENT REVIEW REPORT TO TRITAX BIG BOX REIT PLC

Introduction

We have been engaged by the company to review the condensed set of financial statements in the interim financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2015 which comprises the Condensed Group Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position, the Condensed Group Cash Flow Statement, the Condensed Group Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes.

We have read the other information contained in the interim financial report and considered whether it contains any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the information in the condensed set of financial statements.

Directors' responsibilities

The interim financial report is the responsibility of and has been approved by the directors. The directors are responsible for preparing the interim financial report in accordance with the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority.

As disclosed in note 1, the annual financial statements of the group are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union. The condensed set of financial statements included in this interim financial report has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", as adopted by the European Union.

Our responsibility

Our responsibility is to express to the company a conclusion on the condensed set of financial statements in the interim financial report based on our review.

Our report has been prepared in accordance with the terms of our engagement to assist the company in meeting its responsibilities in respect of interim financial reporting in accordance with the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority and for no other purpose. No person is entitled to rely on this report unless such a person is a person entitled to rely upon this report by virtue of and for the purpose of our terms of engagement or has been expressly authorised to do so by our prior written consent. Save as above, we do not accept responsibility for this report to any other person or for any other purpose and we hereby expressly disclaim any and all such liability.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements (UK and Ireland) 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the Auditing Practices Board for use in the United Kingdom. A review of interim financial information consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the condensed set of financial statements in the interim financial report for the six months ended 30 June 2015 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, as adopted by the European Union, and the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the United Kingdom's Financial Conduct Authority.

BDO LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
 London, United Kingdom
 21 August 2015

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales
 (with registered number OC305127)

Condensed Group Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Note			
Gross rental income	19,067	5,669	18,603
Service charge income	608	125	511
Service charge expense	(608)	(125)	(511)
Net rental income	19,067	5,669	18,603
Administrative and other expenses	(3,227)	(1,476)	(3,603)
Operating profit before changes in			

fair value of investment properties and interest rate derivatives		15,840	4,193	15,000
Changes in fair value of investment properties	10	57,948	4,014	31,668
Operating profit		73,788	8,207	46,668
Finance income	4	124	39	205
Finance expense	5	(2,958)	(141)	(2,452)
Changes in fair value of interest rate derivatives		29	(546)	(2,577)
Profit before taxation		70,983	7,559	41,844
Tax credit/(charge) on profit for the period	6	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income (attributable to shareholders)		70,983	7,559	41,844
Earnings per share - basic and diluted (pence)	7	12.58p	3.73p	15.10p

Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position

		30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Non-current assets				
Investment property	10	964,060	360,740	586,179
Interest rate derivatives	12	2,408	3,008	2,379
Total non-current assets		966,468	363,748	588,558
Current assets				
Trade and other receivables		26,807	20,140	30,668
Cash and cash equivalents	9	93,891	13,974	98,616
Total current assets		120,698	34,114	129,284
Total assets		1,087,166	397,862	717,842
Current liabilities				
Deferred rental income		(10,151)	(4,855)	(7,332)
Trade and other payables		(17,636)	(4,194)	(6,048)
Bank borrowings	11	-	(11,452)	-
Total current liabilities		(27,787)	(20,501)	(13,380)
Non-current liabilities				
Bank borrowings	11	(268,821)	(153,310)	(200,933)
Total non-current liabilities		(268,821)	(153,310)	(200,933)
Total liabilities		(296,608)	(173,811)	(214,313)
Total net assets		790,558	244,051	503,529
Equity				
Share capital	13	6,775	2,200	4,705
Share premium reserve	14	52,364	214,292	272,536
Capital reduction reserve		618,592	-	184,444
Retained earnings		112,827	7,559	41,844
Total equity		790,558	224,051	503,529
Net Asset Value per share basic and diluted	16	116.68p	101.85p	107.02p
EPRA Net Asset Value per share basic and diluted	16	117.06p	102.10p	107.57p

Condensed Group Cash Flow Statement

		Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit for the period (attributable to equity shareholders)		70,983	7,559	41,844
Less: changes in fair value of investment properties		(57,948)	(4,014)	(31,668)
(Less)/add: changes in fair value of interest rate				

derivatives	(29)	546	2,577
Less: finance income	(124)	(39)	(205)
Add: finance expense	2,958	141	2,452
Accretion of tenant lease incentive	(945)	(401)	(937)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(116)	(20,176)	(1,787)
Increase in trade and other payables	1,796	5,822	10,526
Cash paid for working capital on asset acquisitions	(1,442)	-	-
Cash received as part of asset acquisitions	1,363	-	-
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	16,496	(10,562)	22,802
Taxation paid	(70)	-	-
Net cash flow generated from/(used in) operating activities	16,426	(10,562)	22,802
Investing activities			
Purchase of investment properties	(308,490)	(222,490)	(555,696)
Forward funded payment	-	-	(27,204)
Licence fees received	6,371	-	1,514
Interest received	214	39	115
Long-term restricted cash receipts/(deposits)	212	-	(4,310)
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(301,693)	(222,451)	(585,581)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of Ordinary Share Capital	229,186	20,779	480,901
Cost of share issues	(4,653)	(287)	(9,594)
Bank borrowings drawn	68,359	166,734	215,144
Bank borrowings repaid	-	-	(11,500)
Loan arrangement fees paid	(1,187)	(1,935)	(2,658)
Bank interest paid	(2,368)	-	(1,418)
Interest rate cap premium paid	-	(1,893)	(4,956)
Dividends paid to equity holders	(8,583)	-	(8,834)
Net cash flow generated from financing activities	280,754	183,398	657,085
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents for the period	(4,513)	(49,615)	94,306
Cash and cash equivalents at start of period	94,306	63,589	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	89,793	13,974	94,306

Condensed Group Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Share premium	Capital reduction reserve	Retained earnings	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited)					
1 January 2015	4,705	272,536	184,444	41,844	503,529
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	70,983	70,983
Issue of Ordinary Shares	2,069	226,931	-	-	229,000
Share issue costs	-	(4,669)	-	-	(4,669)
Shares issued in relation to management contract	1	185	-	-	186
Share based payments	-	-	-	346	346
Transfer of share based payments to liabilities to reflect settlement	-	-	-	(346)	(346)
Cancellation of share premium account	-	(442,619)	442,619	-	-
Dividends paid:					
Third interim dividend for the period ended 31 December 2014 (0.80p)	-	-	(3,764)	-	(3,764)
First interim dividend for the period ended 31 December 2015 (1.00p)	-	-	(4,707)	-	(4,707)
30 June 2015	6,775	52,364	618,592	112,827	790,558

Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited)					
1 January 2014	2,000	194,000	-	-	196,000
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	7,559	7,559
Issue of Ordinary Shares	200	20,579	-	-	20,779
Share issue costs	-	(287)	-	-	(287)
30 June 2014	2,200	214,292	-	7,559	224,051

Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited)					
1 November 2013	50	-	-	-	50
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	41,844	41,844
Issue of Ordinary Shares	4,654	476,075	-	-	480,729
Share issue costs	-	(9,660)	-	-	(9,660)
Shares issued in relation to					

management contract	1	121	-	-	122
Share based payments	-	-	-	320	320
Transfer of share based payments to liabilities to reflect settlement	-	-	-	(320)	(320)
Cancellation of share premium account	-	(194,000)	194,000	-	-
Dividends paid:					
First interim dividend for the period ended 31 December 2014 (1.85p)	-	-	(4,070)	-	(4,070)
Second interim dividend for the period ended 31 December 2014 (1.50p)	-	-	(5,486)	-	(5,486)
31 December 2014	4,705	272,536	184,444	41,844	503,529

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Basis of preparation

The condensed interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2015 have been prepared in accordance with the Disclosure and Transparency Rules of the Financial Conduct Authority (previously the Financial Services Authority) and with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as adopted by the European Union.

The condensed consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2015 have been reviewed by the Company's Auditor, BDO LLP, in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity and were approved for issue on 21 August 2015. The condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and do not constitute statutory accounts for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006.

The comparative financial information presented herein for the year to 31 December 2014 does not constitute full statutory accounts within the meaning of Section 434 of the Companies Act 2006. The Group's annual report and accounts for the year to 31 December 2014 have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies. The Group's independent auditor's report on those accounts was unqualified, did not include references to any matters to which the auditors drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying their report and did not contain a statement under section 498(2) or 498(3) of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

The Group's financial information has been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment properties and interest rate derivatives which have been measured at fair value.

Convention

The consolidated financial information is presented in Sterling which is also the Group's functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (£'000), except where otherwise indicated.

Going concern

The Group's portfolio is all either let or pre-let to tenants that have excellent covenant strength as well as all leases being subject to upward only rent reviews. During the period the Group has raised £229 million from the issue of new equity and raised a further £68 million through securing additional senior debt facilities. At the period end date the Group's loan to value ratio stood at 29%, with an average maturity term of over four years. At the period end date, the loan to value covenant testing is set at 65% for an income sweep and 70% for a hard default on all loans with the exception of that secured against the asset let to Wolseley, which has a cash sweep level set at 55% and hard default level set at 60%. There is significant headroom across all covenants.

The Manager is in discussions with a consortium of banks regarding the introduction of new banking facilities to the Group. It is intended that this reduces the Group's overall cost of borrowing whilst providing the necessary finance to fulfil any obligations under its forward funding agreements.

The Directors are therefore satisfied that the Group is in a position to continue in operation for the foreseeable future.

2. Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Group's financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the reporting date. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

2.1. Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial information:

Business combinations

The Group acquires subsidiaries that own property. At the time of acquisition, the Group considers whether each acquisition represents the acquisition of a business or the acquisition of an asset. The Group would account for an acquisition as a business combination if an integrated set of activities is acquired in addition to the property. Where such acquisitions are not judged to be the acquisition of a business, they are not treated as business combinations, rather the cost to acquire the corporate entity is allocated between the identifiable assets and liabilities of the entity based upon their relative fair values at the acquisition date. Accordingly, no goodwill or deferred tax arises.

Operating lease contracts - the Group as lessor

The Group has acquired investment properties that are subject to commercial property leases with tenants. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, particularly the duration of the lease terms and minimum lease payments, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties and so accounts for the leases as operating leases.

Fair valuation of investment property

The market value of investment property is determined by an independent property valuation expert (see Note 10) to be the estimated amount for

which a property should exchange on the date of the valuation in an arm's length transaction. Properties have been valued on an individual basis. The valuation expert uses recognised valuation techniques and the principles of both IAS 40 and IFRS 13.

The valuations have been prepared in accordance with the RICS Valuation - Professional Standards January 2014 ("the Red Book"). Factors reflected include current market conditions, annual rentals, lease lengths, and location.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted in this report are consistent with those applied in the Group's statutory accounts for the period ending 31 December 2014 and are expected to be consistently applied during the year ending 31 December 2015, other than those implemented in the period as a result of the new transactions.

3.1. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs in relation to interest charged on bank borrowings are expensed in the periods to which they relate, unless they are incurred directly against an investment property under construction, whereby they are capitalised against the cost of the asset until the building reaches practical completion.

Fees incurred in relation to the arrangement of bank borrowings are capitalised and expensed on a straight line basis over the term of the loan.

3.2 Rental income

The Group is the lessor in operating leases. Rental income arising from operating leases on investment property is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in gross rental income in the Condensed Group Statement of Comprehensive Income due to its operating nature.

A rent adjustment based on the estimated open market rental value is recognised from the rent review date in relation to unsettled rent reviews. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Tenant lease incentives are recognised as a reduction of rental revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. The lease term is the non-cancellable period of the lease together with any further term for which the tenant has the option to continue the lease, where, at the inception of the lease, the directors are reasonably certain that the tenant will exercise that option.

Amounts received from tenants to terminate leases or to compensate for dilapidations are recognised in the income statement when the right to receive them arises.

4. Finance income

	Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Interest received on bank deposits	124	39	205

5. Finance expense

	Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Interest payable on bank borrowings	2,573	113	2,136
Other bank charges	2	3	6
Interest payable under hedging arrangements	34	-	-
Amortisation of loan arrangement fees	349	25	310
	2,958	141	2,452

6. Taxation

Tax charge in the Group Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
UK corporation tax	-	-	-

As a REIT, the Group is exempt from corporation tax on the profits and gains arising from its property investment business, provided it continues to meet certain conditions under the REIT regulations. For the period ending 30 June 2015, the Group did not have any non-qualifying profits subject to corporation tax and accordingly there is no tax charge in the period. All non-qualifying profits and gains will continue to be subject to corporation tax.

7. Earnings per share

Earnings per share (EPS) are calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. As there are no dilutive instruments outstanding, basic and diluted earnings per

share are identical. The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following:

	Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited)	Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited)	Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited)
Net attributable to Ordinary Shareholders			
Total comprehensive income (£'000)	70,983	7,559	41,844
Number of Ordinary Shares ¹	564,384,653	202,664,412	277,169,193
Basic and diluted earnings per share ² (pence)	12.58p	3.73p	15.10p
Adjustments to remove:			
Changes in fair value of investment properties (£'000)	(57,948)	(4,014)	(31,668)
Changes in fair value of interest rate derivatives (£'000)	(29)	546	2,577
EPRA earnings (£'000)	13,006	4,091	12,753
Number of Ordinary Shares ¹	564,382,653	202,644,412	277,169,193
EPRA basic and diluted earnings per share ² (pence)	2.30p	2.02p	4.60p
Adjusted to include:			
EPRA earnings (£'000)	13,006	4,091	12,753
Licence fee receivable on forward fund investments (£'000)	2,410	-	710
Adjusted earnings ³ (£'000)	15,416	4,091	13,463
Number of Ordinary Shares ¹	564,382,653	202,644,412	277,169,193
Adjusted basic and diluted earnings per share ² (pence)	2.73p	2.02p	4.86p

1 Based on the weighted average number of Ordinary Shares in issue throughout the period

2 There is no difference between basic and diluted earnings per share

3 Adjusted earnings includes licence fees receivable on forward funded investments

8. Dividends paid

	Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Third interim dividend for the period ended 31 December 2014 - 0.80p paid March 2015	3,764	-	-
First interim dividend for the period ended 31 December 2015 - 1.00p paid April 2015	4,707	-	4,070
(31 December 2014:1.85p paid August 2014)			
Second interim dividend for the period ended 31 December 2014 - 1.50p paid December 2014	-	-	5,486
Total Dividends paid	8,471	-	9,556
Total Dividends paid - per share	1.80p	-	3.35p

On 6 March 2015 the Company announced the declaration of an interim dividend in respect of the period 1 January 2015 to 28 February 2015 of 1.00 pence per share payable in April 2015.

On 8 June 2015 the Company announced the declaration of an interim dividend in respect of the period 1 March 2015 to 31 May 2015 of 1.50 pence per share payable in July 2015.

On 21 August 2015 the Company announced the declaration of an interim dividend in respect of the period 1 June 2015 to 30 June 2015 of 0.50 pence per share payable in September 2015.

9. Cash and cash equivalents

	Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Cash held at bank	89,793	13,974	94,306
Restricted cash	4,098	-	4,310
Cash and cash equivalents per Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position	93,891	13,974	98,616

Restricted cash represents amounts relating to future rent free periods on assets forming the portfolio. This cash was deducted against the net purchase price of the property when the acquisition was made. Currently the cash is held in an account at the bank that holds the debt security over the asset to cover the rent free periods under the lease.

10. Investment property

In accordance with IAS 40: Investment Property, the investment property has been independently valued at fair value by CBRE Limited ("CBRE"), an accredited independent valuer with a recognised and relevant professional qualification and with recent experience in the locations and categories of the investment property being valued. The valuations have been prepared in accordance with the RICS Valuation - Professional Standards January 2014 ("the Red Book"). The valuers have sufficient current local and national knowledge of the particular property markets involved, and have the skills and understanding to undertake the valuations competently.

The valuation models prepared in accordance with those recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee have been applied and are consistent with the principles in IFRS 13.

In accordance with the Group's accounting policies, it has treated all acquisitions during the period as asset purchases rather than business combinations as they were judged to be acquisitions of properties rather than businesses.

	Investment properties freehold £'000	Investment properties long leasehold £'000	Investment properties under construction £'000	Total £'000
As at 1 January 2015	467,320	110,150	8,709	586,179
Property additions	152,996	90,878	75,114	318,988
Fixed rental uplift	945	-	-	945
Change in fair value during the period	31,024	9,822	17,102	57,948
As at 30 June 2015 (unaudited)	652,285	210,850	100,925	964,060
As at 1 January 2014	132,411	-	-	132,411
Property additions	120,524	103,390	-	223,914
Fixed rental uplift	401	-	-	401
Change in fair value during the period	8,904	(4,890)	-	4,014
As at 30 June 2014 (unaudited)	262,240	98,500	-	360,740
As at 1 November 2013	-	-	-	-
Property additions	442,698	103,375	7,501	553,574
Fixed rental uplift	937	-	-	937
Change in fair value during the period	23,685	6775	1,208	31,668
As at 31 December 2014 (audited)	467,320	110,150	8,709	586,179

The table below reconciles between the fair value of the Investment Property per the Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position and Investment Property per the independent valuation performed in respect of each period end.

	As at 30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	As at 30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	As at 31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Value per independent valuation report	1,093,465	360,740	619,280
Less:			
Forward funded prepayments	(14,636)	-	(27,204)
Forward funded commitments	(101,058)	-	-
Licence fee receivable	(9,613)	-	(1,587)
Restricted cash	(4,098)	-	(4,310)
Fair value per Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position	964,060	360,740	586,179

11. Bank borrowings

A summary of the bank borrowings drawn in the period are shown below:

	Bank borrowings drawn £'000	Bank borrowings undrawn £'000	Total £'000
As at 1 January 2015	203,644	13,172	216,816
Bank borrowings drawn in the period	68,359	(13,172)	55,187
As at 30 June 2015 (unaudited)	272,003	-	272,003

Any associated fees in arranging the bank borrowings unamortised as at the period end are offset against amounts drawn on the facilities as shown in the table below:

	Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	Six months ended 30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	Fourteen months ended 31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Bank borrowings drawn: due within one year	-	11,500	-
Bank borrowings drawn: due greater than one year	272,003	155,234	203,644
Total bank borrowings	272,003	166,734	203,644

Less: Unamortised costs	(3,182)	(1,972)	(2,711)
Total bank borrowings per the Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position	268,821	164,762	200,933

On 14 July 2015 the Company announced that it had agreed senior debt financing secured on the forward funded asset pre-let to a subsidiary of Ocado Group plc. See Note 18 for further details.

12. Interest rate derivatives

The Group uses interest rate derivatives to mitigate exposure to interest-rate risk. The fair value of these contracts is recorded in the Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position and is determined by forming an expectation that interest rates will exceed strike rates and discounting the future cash flows of the interest rate derivatives at the prevailing market rates as at the balance sheet date. There have not been any transfers of assets or liabilities between levels of fair value hierarchy in the period.

Fair value measurements at 30 June 2015 are below:

	Level 1 ¹ £'000	Level 2 ² £'000	Level 3 ³ £'000	Total £'000
Assets				
30 June 2015 interest rate derivatives	-	2,408	-	2,408
30 June 2014 interest rate derivatives	-	3,008	-	3,008
31 December 2014 interest rate derivatives	-	2,379	-	2,379

1. Valuation is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical financial assets and liabilities
2. Valuation is based on inputs (other than quoted prices included in Level 1) that are observable for the financial asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as unquoted prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from quoted prices)
3. Valuation is based on inputs that are not based on observable market data

13. Share capital

	30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Issued and fully paid at 1p each	6,775	2,200	4,705
At the beginning of the period	4,705	2,000	50
Shares issued in relation to IPO - December 2013	-	-	1,950
Shares issued in relation to Tap - June 2014	-	200	200
Shares issued in relation to equity issue - July 2014	-	-	1,456
Shares issued in relation to equity issue - December 2014	-	-	1,048
Shares issued in relation to equity issue - March 2015	1,591	-	-
Shares issued in relation to equity issue - June 2015	478	-	-
Shares issued in relation to management contract	1	-	1
At June 2014 (unaudited)	6,775	2,200	4,705

The Company had 677,549,293 shares of nominal value 1p each in issue at the end of the period.

On 19 March 2015, the Company announced that it had raised £175 million via Placing and Offer for Subscription. As a result, a total of 159,090,909 new Ordinary Shares were issued at a price of 110 pence per Ordinary Share, of which 141,646,051 Ordinary Shares were issued under the Placing and 17,444,858 Ordinary Shares were issued pursuant to the Offer for Subscription.

On 18 June 2015 the Company announced that 47,787,607 new Ordinary Shares were issued via a Placing at a Placing Price of 113 pence per Ordinary Share raising gross proceeds of £54.0 million.

14. Share premium

The share premium relates to amounts subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value:

	30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Balance at the beginning of the period	272,536	194,000	-
Share premium on the issue of Ordinary Shares	226,931	20,579	476,075
Share issue costs	(4,669)	(287)	(9,660)
Transfer to capital reduction reserve	(442,619)	-	(194,000)
Share Premium on Ordinary Shares issued to management	185	-	121
	52,364	214,292	272,536

On 3 June 2015, the Company by way of Special Resolution, cancelled the then value of its share premium account, by an Order of the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division. As a result of this cancellation, £442.6 million has been transferred from the share premium account to the capital reduction reserve account. The capital reduction reserve account is classed as a distributable reserve.

15. Transactions with related parties

The fees calculated and payable for the period to the Investment Manager was as follows:

	30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Tritax Management LLP	2,517	923	2,330

Throughout the period SG Commercial LLP ("SG Commercial") has provided general property agency services to the Group. SG Commercial has been paid fees totalling £0.64 million (30 June 2014: £0.96 million) in respect of agency services for the period. The four controlling Partners of the Manager, namely Mark Shaw, Colin Godfrey, James Dunlop and Henry Franklin, are also the controlling Partners of SG Commercial.

Mark Shaw, as a Director of the Company and a Partner of the Manager, does not receive a fee for his role as a Director.

16. Net asset value per share (NAV)

Basic NAV per share amounts are calculated by dividing net assets in the Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the number of Ordinary Shares outstanding at the end of the period. As there are no dilutive instruments outstanding, basic and diluted NAV per share are identical.

Net asset values have been calculated as follows:

	30 June 2015 (unaudited) £'000	30 June 2014 (unaudited) £'000	31 December 2014 (audited) £'000
Net assets per Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position	790,558	224,051	503,529
EPRA NAV	793,106	224,597	506,106
Ordinary Shares			
Issued share capital ('000)	677,549	219,980	470,495
Basic and diluted net asset value per share	116.68p	101.85p	107.02p
Basic and diluted EPRA NAV per share	117.06p	102.10p	107.57p

EPRA NAV is calculated as net assets per the Condensed Group Statement of Financial Position excluding fair value adjustments for debt related derivatives.

17. Capital Commitments

The Group had capital commitments of £101 million in relation to its forward funded investment assets outstanding at 30 June 2015 (30 June 2014: £nil). All commitments fall due within one year from this date.

18. Subsequent events

On 14 July 2015, the Company announced that it had agreed senior debt financing secured on the forward funded asset pre-let to a subsidiary of Ocado Group plc. This facility had been agreed with Landesbank Hessen-Thüringen Girozentrale ("Helaba") to the value of £50.87 million, reflecting a loan to value ratio of approximately 50%. The facility has a five year term with an option to extend this to a maximum of six years.

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